

Course Outcome

Semester 1	
Course	Outcomes
<p>PH1CO1: Mathematical Methods in Physics-I</p>	<p>After Completion of these courses students should be able to;</p> <p>CO-1. To Know the idea of vector, its Applications & physical interpretations</p> <p>CO-2. To familiarize the different Coordinates systems</p> <p>CO3- To capable of matrix calculations and its applications</p> <p>CO4- To Understand the tensors and its applications.</p> <p>CO-5.To Study the Generating function For Legendre, Hermite polynomials</p>
<p>PH1CO2: Classical & Quantum Mechanics</p>	<p>CO-1.To understand the fundamental concepts of the Lagrangian and the Hamiltonian methods and will be able to apply them to various problems;</p> <p>CO-2. understand the physics of small oscillations and the concepts of canonical transformations and Poisson brackets ;</p> <p>CO-3.To understand the basic ideas of central forces and rigid body dynamics;</p> <p>CO-4 to understand the Hamilton-Jacobi method and the concept of action-angle variables.</p> <p>CO-5 To aware the Lagrangian formulation of relativistic mechanics.</p>

<p>PH1CO3: Electrodynamics</p>	<p>CO1-. To impart proper understanding of electricity magnetism and electrodynamics;</p> <p>CO-2. To know the wave nature of electromagnetic field and its properties; electromagnetic field radiating out of accelerated charges and the impact of relativity in electromagnetism along with confined propagation of electromagnetic wave</p>
<p>PH1CO4: Electronics</p>	<p>CO-1. To study of the flow of charge (electron) through various materials and devices such as semiconductors, resistors, inductors, capacitors, nanostructures etc.</p> <p>CO-2. To understanding all the applications of electronics involve the transmission of power and possibly information.</p>
<p>Semester 2</p>	
<p>PH2CO5: Mathematical methods in Physics -II</p>	<p>CO-1. To know the concepts of Laplace and Fourier transforms.</p> <p>CO-2. To understand the Fourier series and its application to solutions of partial differential equations.</p> <p>CO-3 To know the complex numbers and its applications in Physics.</p>
<p>PH2CO6 -Quantum Mechanics -I</p>	<p>CO-1. To understand the fundamental concepts of the Dirac formalism</p> <p>CO-2. To understand how quantum systems evolve in time;</p> <p>CO-3. To understand the basics of the quantum theory of angular momentum.</p> <p>CO-4. To enable the student to solve the hydrogen atom problem which is a prelude to more complicated problems in quantum mechanics.</p>

<p>PH2CO7 – Thermodynamics &Statistical Mechanics</p>	<p>CO-1. To know the Basics of thermodynamics , entropy &its Applications</p> <p>CO-2. – To understand the different types of Ensembles</p> <p>CO-3. To know the different Statistical Distributions & its applications in gas</p>
<p>PH2CO8: Condensed Matter Physics</p>	<p>CO-1. Know the principles of structures determination by diffraction</p> <p>CO-2. To understand the principles and techniques of X-rays diffraction</p> <p>CO-3. Know the fundamental principles of semiconductors and be able to estimate the charge carrier mobility and density</p> <p>CO-4. To give an extended knowledge about magnetic properties</p>
<p>Semester 3</p>	
<p>PH3CO9 -Quantum Mechanics II</p>	<p>CO-1. To understand the different stationary state approximation methods and be able to apply them to various quantum systems;</p> <p>CO-2. To understand the basics of time-dependent perturbation theory and its application to semi-classical theory of atom-radiation interaction;</p> <p>CO-3. To understand the theory of identical particles and its application to helium;</p> <p>CO-4. To understand the idea of Born approximation and the method of partial waves. CO-5. To aware the basic concepts of relativistic quantum mechanics.</p>
<p>PH3C10: Computational physics</p>	<p>CO-1. To know the basic idea about the techniques used in physics to solve problems with the help of computers when they cannot be solved</p>

	<p>analytically with pencil and paper since the underlying physical system is very complex.</p> <p>CO-2. To able to develop their own Algorithms of every method described in the syllabus.</p>
PH3EC2-Crystal Growth Techniques	<p>CO-1 familiarize various crystal growth methods from solution and vapor</p> <p>CO-2. Understand the practical application of crystal growth such semiconductor devices , optoelectronics devices , photo cathodes etc.</p>
PH3EC1 Solid State Physics	<p>CO-1. Know the Crystal defects and dislocations</p> <p>CO-2.Understand the phase diagrams in crystal</p> <p>CO-3.Know the crystal binding , excitations in solids</p>
Semester 4	
PH4C11 -Atomic & Molecular Physics	<p>CO-1 understand the atomic structure and spectra of typical one- electron and two-electron systems.</p> <p>CO-2 know the theory of microwave and infra-red spectroscopies as well as the electronic spectroscopy of molecules;</p> <p>CO-3 Know the basics of Raman spectroscopy and the nonlinear Raman effects;</p> <p>CO-4 Know the spin resonance spectroscopies such as NMR and ESR. This course also introduces the student to the ideas of Mossbauer spectroscopy</p>
PH4C12 -Nuclear &Particle Physics	<p>CO-1 Know the basic properties of the nucleus and the nuclear forces.</p> <p>CO-2 Understand Major models of the nucleus and the theory behind the nuclear decay process;</p>

	<p>CO-3. Know the physics of nuclear reactions</p> <p>CO-4. Know the interaction between elementary particles and the conservation laws in particle physics.</p> <p>CO-5. impart some idea about nuclear astrophysics and the practical applications of nuclear physics</p>
PH4EC3- Nano structures and Characterisation	<p>CO-1. Know the nanostructures synthesis and its properties</p> <p>CO-2. Understand Nanomaterials and applications</p> <p>CO-3. Know the Optical absorption and emission spectroscopy</p> <p>CO-4. Understand the chemical , thermal and Different X-ray diffraction methods</p>
PH4OE1- Optoelectronics	<p>CO-1. Familiarize with various optoelectronics such as Photo transistors, photo diodes, lasers</p> <p>CO-2. Fabrication techniques of opto electronic devices</p>